

SAFIRE FIRESHIELD TC

Issue Date: 12/01/2014

Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company undertaking

1.1 Identification of the substance or preparation:

Product: Fireshield Total Comfort Product Type: Fire Cavity Barrier Application: Fire and cavity barrier

1.2 Company/undertaking identification:

Fireus Ltd., Unit 6, Thetis Road, Lune Industrial Estate, Lancaster, LA1 5QP Tel. 01524 388898 Fax. 01524 383724

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Health Hazards

Chronic: The risk of chronic respiratory or skin conditions that are aggravated by mechanical irritants may heighten if exposed

to this product.

Acute: Possible irritation to eyes and skin and in excessively dusty

conditions, irritation to the upper respiratory tract; most people gain resistance after a transitory period. Control measures are aimed at

protecting the eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredients:

LGTBS Basalt: Silicon Dioxide 44.8% Aluminium Oxide 13.6% Total Iron (calculated as Fe2O3 12.3% Calcium Oxide 10.5% Magnesium Oxide 9.8% Sodium Oxide 3.4%

Titanium Oxide 2.6% Potassium Oxide 1.0%

Lutrasil membrane: synthetic non-woven, lightweight

membrane.

NO hazardous components

Fireus Ltd.



Wire mesh: Galvanised wire mesh. Stitching wire: Stainless steel lacing wire.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. Seek

medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash with a copious amount of water and some soap. To

avoid further irritation, do not rub or scratch affected areas.

Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Inhalation: Intake fresh air straight away. Seek medical attention if

irritation persists.

Ingestion: In the unlikely event, the individual should be monitored for

several days to ensure intestinal blockage does not occur.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Not applicable Protective Measures: Not applicable

Fire & Explosion Hazards: Fire resistant material

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Land Spill: Scoop up and dispose of in a suitable container as

nonhazardous waste.

Water Spill: The material will settle. It is non-hazardous in water.

Air release: The material will settle out of the air and can be concentrated

on land to be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Handling

Precautions: Good working practices will minimise the generation of and

exposure to dust. Employees should be advised to rinse the skin with ample cold water before the application of soap to prevent aggravation of the skin by fibres. Do not use rotary cutting machines because of risk of entanglement of steel

stitching wires.

7.2. Storage

Standard warehouse conditions apply. Precautions:

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Exposure Controls

Occupational Exposure Limit: The UK Health & Safety Executive enforce a Maximum Exposure Limit of 5mg/m3 as measured by personal

(breathing zone) monitoring. For microfine fibres the





HSE enforces a standard of 2 fibres/ml of air, with a recommended limit of 1 fibre/ml of air when deemed to be reasonably practicable.

Engineering Measures: Where particularly dusty conditions are unavoidable,

(e.g. handling insulating material in a confined space), dust should be controlled primarily by engineering

control if practicable.

On some occasions respiratory protection may be the only reasonably practical precaution for the

respiratory system.

8.2 Personal

Respiratory Protection: Protective equipment may be necessary in excessively

dusty operations or when exposure is above or near

the Maximum Exposure Limit.

Skin, Eyes, Other: Protective equipment for the skin should be supplied

as standard. Most operators are best suited to wear loose clothing to avoid tight constriction at the neck

and wrists.

Safety glasses, goggles or a face shield may be required in some circumstances. Do not use rotary

cutting equipment.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: A spun man-made mineral fibre (MMMF) encapsulated with

a Lutrasil membrane and stitched to a stainless steel hexagonal wire mesh. The average diameter ranges from 10-17 microns. It contains between 1.25 – 1.75% mineral oil as a dust suppressant and the fibres are encapsulated with a man-

made tissue to minimise fibre migration.

Odour, Flash Point, Solubility: Not applicable

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Conditions to avoid: None

Incompatibility: No materials to avoid

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Effects: Basalt Mineral Wool is classified as an irritant Xi. Chronic Effects: Basalt Mineral Wool is unclassified under the

European Commission Directive on Man-Made Mineral Fibres (MMMF) Amendment (November 1997) according

HEALTH & SAFETY DATA SHEE



to Note R (length weighted geometric mean less 2 standard errors > 6 microns). It is, therefore, not classed as a carcinogen.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Not expected to cause harm to animals, fish or plants

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste products are not hazardous and their disposal should be in accordance with local regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

No special precautions or restrictions involving transport or conveyance of Fireshield Total Comfort are known to Fireus Limited.

Proper Shipping Name: Long Strand Basalt Fibre

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Risk Phrase: R38

Hazard Symbol: Irritant Xi Safety Phrases: S (2), S36/37

Section 16: References

Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note EH46 – Exposure to Mineral Wools (HMSO Publisher)

Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note EH40/98 – Occupational Exposure Limits 1998 (HMSO Publisher)

EU Directive 97/69EC (67/546/EEC Amendment MMVF)

The foregoing information is believed to be accurate at the time of preparation of this document, and is provided in good faith. However, no warranty or representation with respect to such information is intended or given.